



Introducing the CHAMPION Project

Circular High-performance Aza-Michael Polymers as Innovative materials Originating from Nature

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Key facts about the project

- Four-year Horizon 2020 BBI JU project running until May 2024 involving **14 partners** from 6 European countries
- Aims to replace conventional polymers with **novel bio-based polymers** that are:
 - *More sustainable*
 - *Safer*
 - *Equal or superior in performance than the current materials*



Surface coatings



Automotive interiors

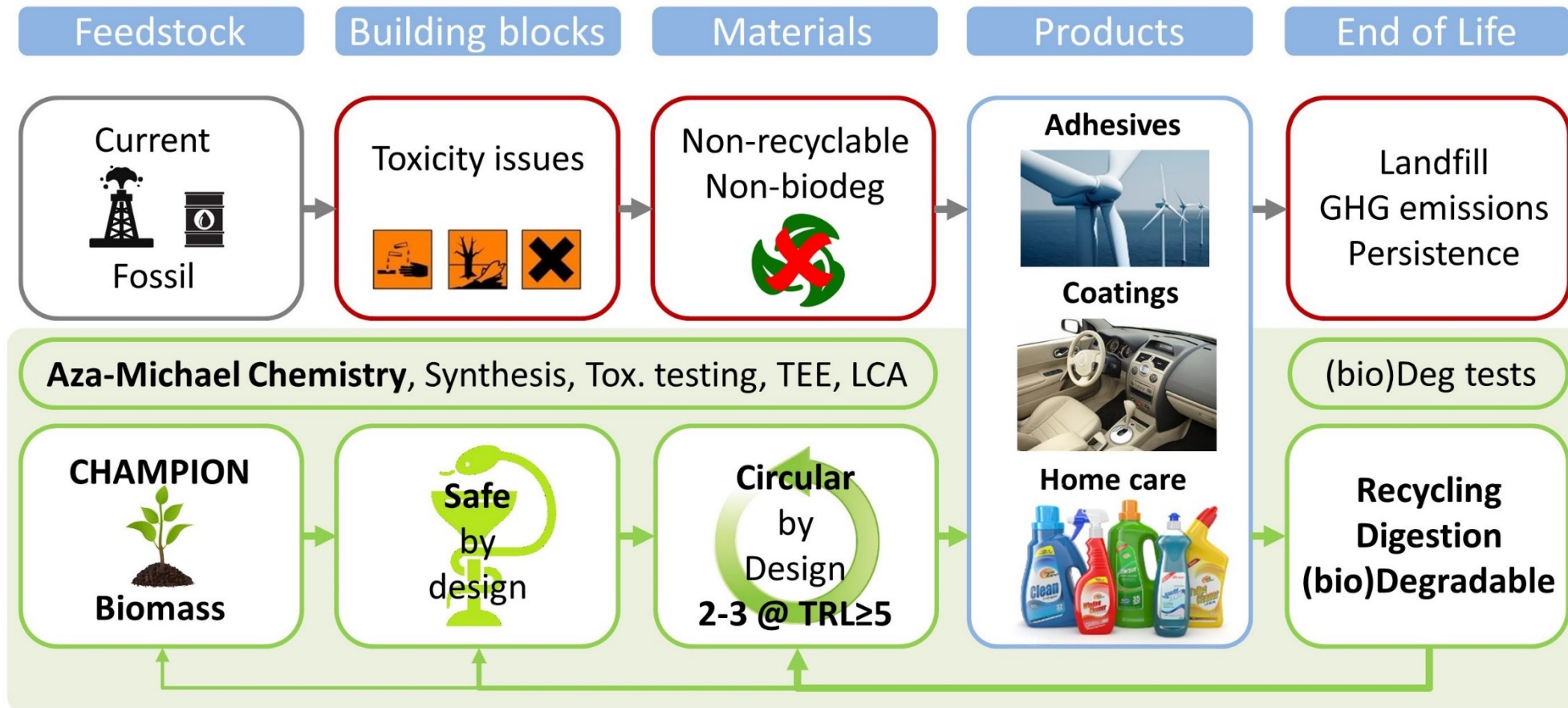


Structural adhesives



Home care

The Concept





CHAMPION project

- **Circular** – Use of reversible chemistry to give **recyclable thermoset polymers** (for coatings and adhesives)
- **High-performance** – **Tested in industry** applications by partners
- **Aza-Michael** Polymers – From monomers that are **safe by design**
- **Innovative materials** – Industrially relevant materials that are **scalable**
- **Originating from Nature** – Innovative reagents from **bio-based** platforms



Methodology

SUSTAINABILITY

- Bio-based platform materials
- Determine circularity and renewability of different end-of-life options

SAFER

- An innovative testing strategy to rapidly evaluate toxicological safety issues

INDUSTRIALLY RELEVANT

- Scale up the most promising options
- Environmental and economic performance based on industry (not lab-scale) processes

PERFORMANCE

- Materials tested in relevant applications by industry partners

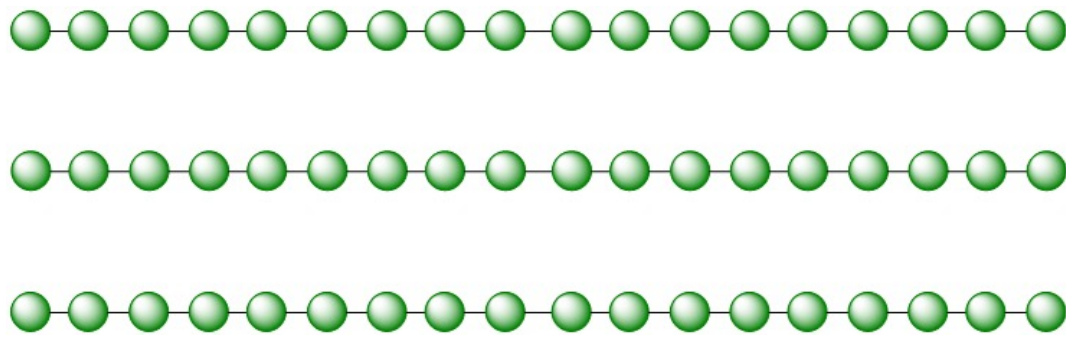
Aiming for 1 new bio-based polymer for each application benchmarked against current materials



Thermosetting Polymers

Thermoplastics

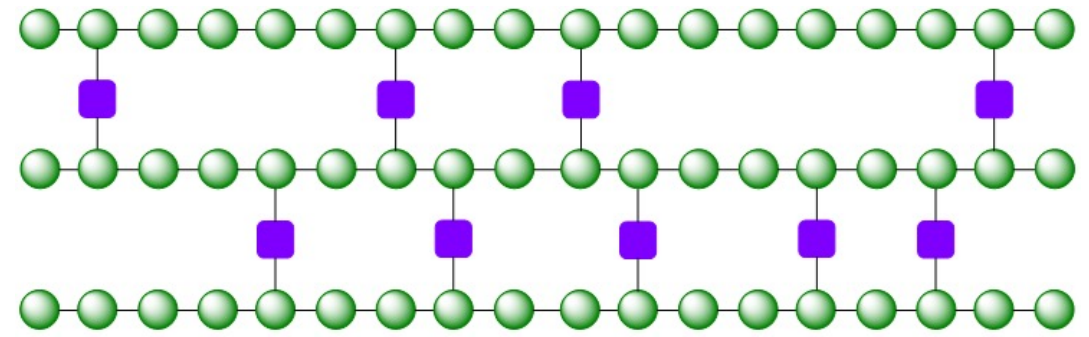
- Held together by intermolecular forces
- Can be re-moulded/melted by heat processing
- E.g. polyesters, polyamides, TPUs
- Applications include packaging and sealants



How to functionalise for target applications?

Thermosets

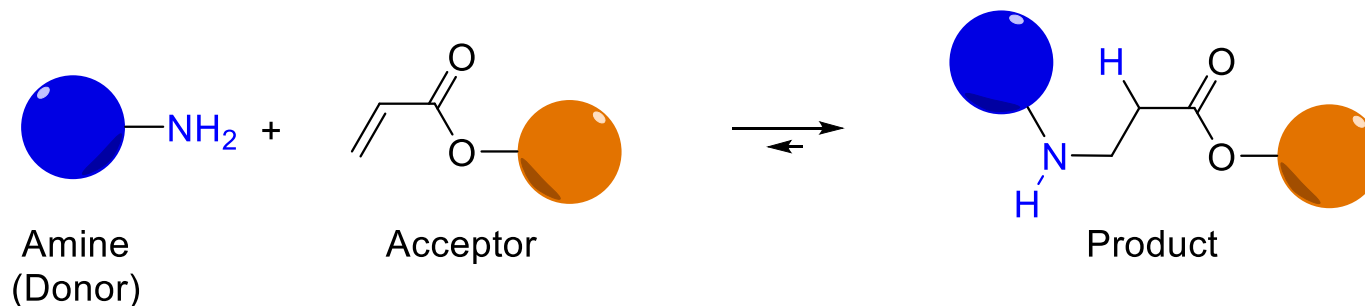
- Held together by strong, covalent bonds
- Irreversibly cured
- E.g. epoxy resins, polyacrylates, polyurethanes
- Applications include coatings and adhesives



How to cross-link reversibly to improve recyclability?

Aza-Michael Chemistry: Functionalisation and cross-linking of unsaturated polyesters

- The **aza-Michael reaction** occurs between a primary or secondary amine and a double bond attached to an electron-withdrawing group to give an N-C bond:



- Diversity** in the structures of the reagents
- Reversible** reaction under certain conditions
- Bio-based** donors and acceptors are available
- Catalyst** not always necessary
- Unsaturated polyesters can be **functionalised** to impart new properties, e.g. stain removal for home care products.
- Diamines create **crosslinking** to form hard materials for adhesives or coatings.

A. Pellis, P. A. Hanson, J. W. Comerford, J. H. Clark, T. J. Farmer, *Polym. Chem.*, 2019, **10**, 843-851.

D. M. Day, T. J. Farmer, J. Sherwood, J. H. Clark, *Tetrahedron*, 2022, **121**, 132921.



CHAMPION Resins

- Several **novel bio-based amines and Michael acceptors** have been prepared
- These have been polymerised with a view towards producing coatings and adhesives
- Hardness and flexibility is tuned by varying the crosslinking density

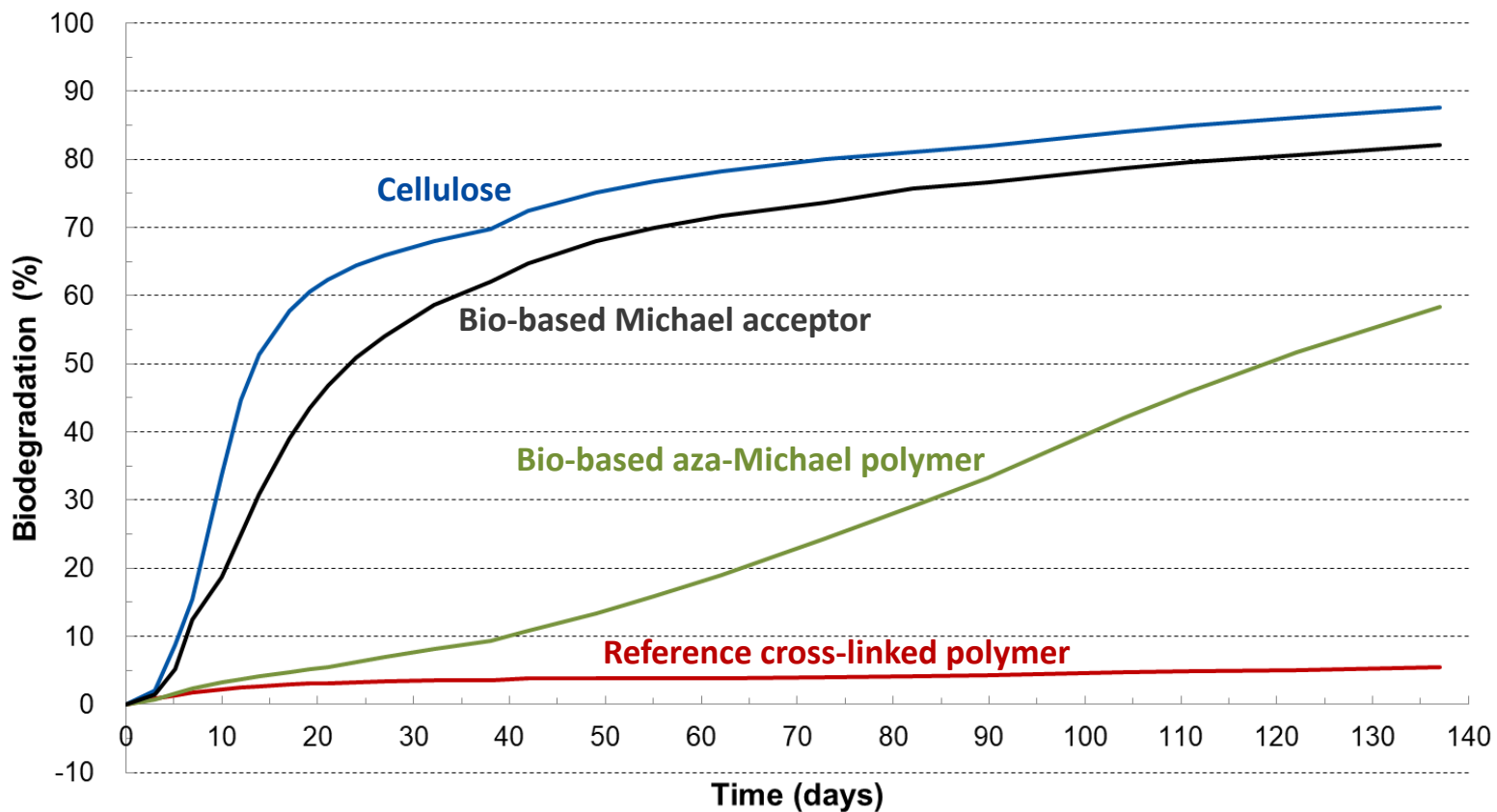


Post-curing of aza-Michael polymers



Biodegradation of Aza-Michael Polymers

- Soil biodegradation of aza-Michael polymers has been studied in comparison to conventional radical-cured polymers



Project partners and main roles



CPD, TEE and LCA



Bio-based chemicals



Synthesis



Making a **positive** difference



Unilever



Stahl

Technical performance



Production scale



Policy and sustainability



Toxicity & end-of-life